Hyper S-Stage eco Instruction Manual

- · Thank you for purchasing one of our products.
- Please strictly follow the following instructions in installing and using the kit. · Before installing the kit, please be sure to check the kit contents. Should you have any questions about the kit, please contact your local motorcycle dealer.

Please note that, in some cases, the illustrations and photos may vary from the actual hardware.

🔺 Notice about spark plug 🔺

Be sure to replace a spark plug with a supplied CR8HSA. And at a later stage, choose and use a right spark plug with the right number, depending on the degree of burning of the spark plug electrode section.

A Notice about sprocket A

The installation of this Kit will increase the power of your engine. So with the stock sprocket, every hardware will get worn out soon because of too low gear, not only adversely affecting the engine life, but also possibly breaking the engine in the worst case. Therefore, judge the right type of a driven sprocket, using the supplied drive sprocket. And make the gear ratio high. The driven sprocket is not included in the Kit.

Read all instructions first before starting the installation.

We do not take any responsibility for any accident or damage whatsoever arising from the use of the kit not in conformity with the instructions in the manual

We shall be held free from any kind of warranty whatsoever of products other than this product if the glitch takes place on the other products than this one after the installation and use of this product.

If you make modifications to any product of the kit, we shall be held free from any guarantee of the product.

You are requested not to contact us about the combination of our products with other manufacturers'.

Please note that this kit is designed for exclusive use in the above-mentioned fitting models and frame numbers only and that it cannot be mounted on any other models.

For installation, please prepare suitable tools and work with reference to the installation instructions with enough care. Besides, this instruction manual, as well as a HONDA's service manual, is prepared with those persons in mind who have basic skills and knowledge. Therefore, we recommend those who are technically inexperienced or do not have enough tools to ask a technically-reliable specialist shop for the work.

This piston designed for regular gasoline and standard ignition timing and we don't recommend changing timing advanced.

Bolts, nuts and dowel pins will be reused. However, be sure not to use the worn-down or severely-damaged ones, which please do replace with new ones.

If you use a stock carburetor, do not remove the air cleaner box or air cleaner elements. If you change the carburetor, please do the setting to match various conditions and specifications of your motorcycle. Disregarding of these instructions will result in engine troubles and serious accidents. Never running rain condition with this included air filter.

The following show the envisioned possibility of injuries to human bodies and property damage as a result of disregarding the following.

· Always try to drive your motorcycle at legal speed, abiding by the laws.

- · Work only when the engine and muffler are cool. (Otherwise, you will get burned.)
- Do the installation with right tools. (Otherwise, breakage of parts or injuries to you may take place.)
- Always use a torque wrench to screw bolts and nuts tight and securely to the specified torque.
- (Otherwise, these parts may get damaged or fall off, resulting in accidents.)
- · As some products and frames have sharp edges or protruding portions, please work with your hands protected. (Otherwise, you will suffer injuries.)

· Before riding, always check every hardware like screws for slack. If you find slack ones, screw them securely up to the specified torque. (Otherwise, improper tightening may cause parts to come off.)

Be sure to fully tighten the cylinder head to the specified torque.

· Always use new gaskets and packings. And check those parts, to be reused, for wear and damage. If you find worn or damaged parts, replace them with new ones.

The following show the envisioned possibility of human death or serious injuries to human bodies as a result of disregarding the MARNING following warnings.

· Always try to drive your motorcycle at a legal speed, abiding by the laws.

· Always start the engine in a well-ventilated place, and do not turn on the engine in an airtight place.

(Otherwise, you will suffer from carbon monoxide poisoning.)

• When you notice something abnormal with your motorcycle while riding, immediately stop riding and park your motorcyle in a safe place to check what has gone wrong. (Otherwise, the abnormality could lead to accidents.)

· Before doing work, make sure your motorcycle is secure on level ground for safety's sake.

(Otherwise, your motorcycle could overturn and injure you while you are working.)

· Check or carry out maintenance of your motorcycle correctly according to the procedures in the instruction manual or service manual.

(Improper checking or maintenance could lead to accidents.)

· If you find damaged parts when checking and performing maintenance of your motorcycle, do not use these parts any longer, and replace them with new ones. (The continued use of these damaged parts as they are could lead to accidents.)

· As gasoline is highly flammable, never place it close to fire. Make sure that nothing flammable is near the gasoline. Since vaporized accumulation of gasoline is at high risk of explosion, work in a well-ventilated place. (Otherwise, it may cause a fire.)

Item No 01-05-0089 Z50J-2000001 ~ AB27-1000001 ~ 1899999

Monkey, Gorilla

Please be informed that, mainly because of improvement in performance, design changes, and cost increase, the product specifications and prices are subject to change without prior notice.

This manual should be retained for future reference.

Lesson

Bolts and nuts will get loose when turned counterclockwise, and tighten when turned clockwise.

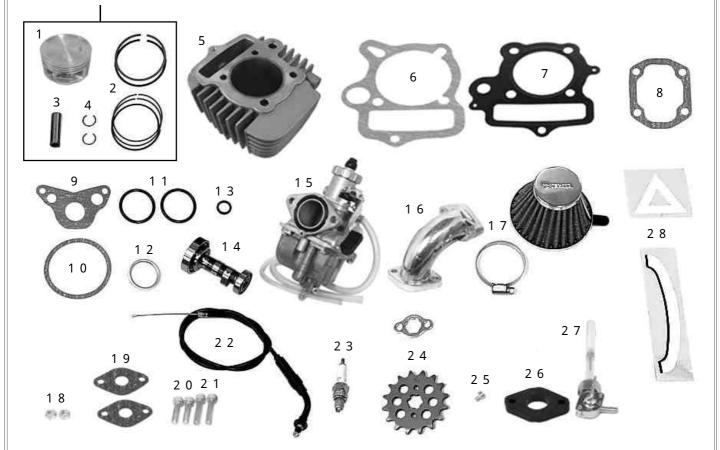
In tightening screws, first finger tighten them as hard as possible without using tools. If they stop turning after giving them one or two turns, the screw may be fixed at a slant.

To loosen a screw means turning a tightened screw around three or four times counterclockwise, and to unscrew it means turning it around counterclockwise until it comes off.

To tighten a screw means to screw it up to keep it from getting loose. The numeric value as a guide at which a screw will not break or get loose when tightened is the so-called "torque." If you do not have a torque wrench, please try to tighten a screw as tight as possible to the point where the screw will not break or get loose, though we can not take any responsibility for the breakage. In case you do not use a torque wrench, you need to judge, only by intuition or using experience, the degree of tightening power at which the bolt will break or get loose. Improper use of tools will result in breakage of the top of a bolt or screw.

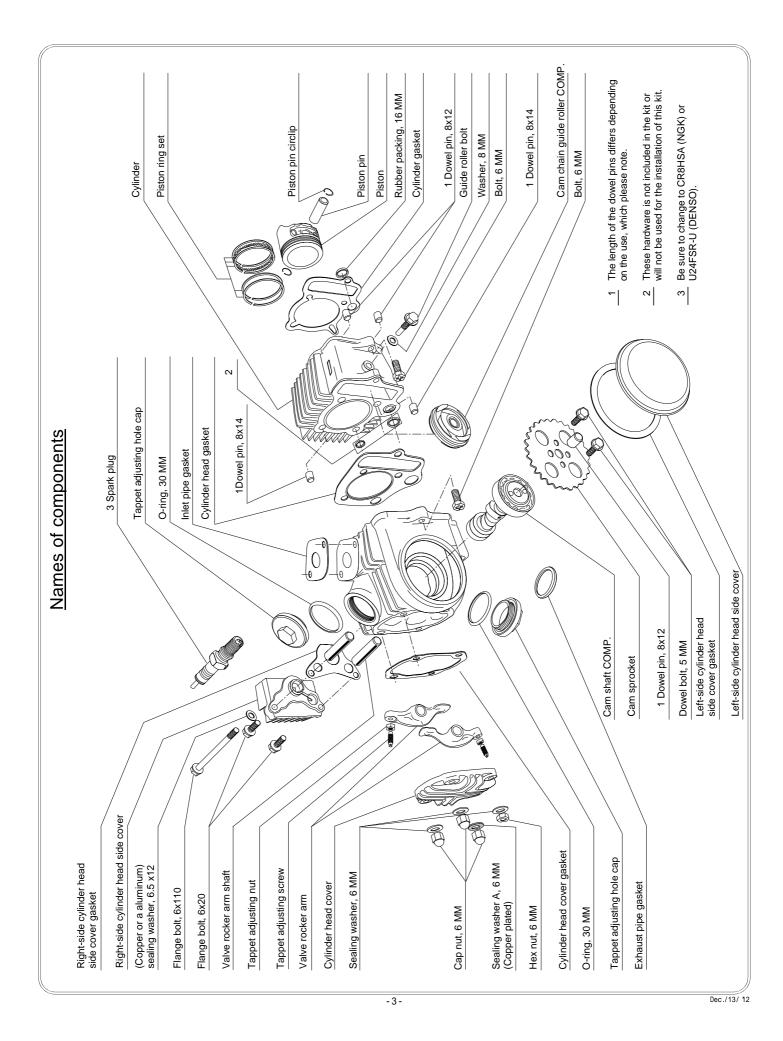
Kit includes:

0 1 0 2 0 1 4 7 Piston kit



| No. | Part Name | Qty | Repair Part Item No. | in packs of | No. | Part Name | Qty | Repair Part Item No. | in packs of |
|--|----------------------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|-------------|
| 1 | Piston | 1 | 13101-NSH-T00 | 1 | 15 | VM22 carburetor assembly | 1 | 03-03-0060 | 1 |
| 2 | Pisston ring set | 1 | 01-15-014 | 1 | 16 | Intake manifold | 1 | 17111-GEF-T10 | 1 |
| 3 | Piston pin, 13 x 36 | 1 | 13111-GEF-T00 | 1 | 17 | Air filter (with a band) | 1 | 03-01-106 | 1 |
| 4 | Piston pin circlip | 2 | 00-01-0003 | 6 | 18 | Lock nut, 6mm | 2 | 00-00-0121 | 10 |
| 5 | Cylinder | 1 | 01-01-0222 | 1 | 19 | Inlet pipe gasket | 2 | 00-01-0159 | 2 |
| 6 | Cylinder gasket | 1 | 00-01-0067 | 2 | 20 | Socket cap screw, 6 x 25 | 2 | 00-00-0089 | 10 |
| 7 | Cylinder head gasket | 1 | 12251-GFL-T10 | 1 | 21 | Socket cap screw, 6 x 30 | 2 | 00-00-0090 | 10 |
| 8 | Cylinder head cover gasket | 1 | 00-01-0156 | 2 | 22 | Throttle cable, 810 mm | 1 | 09-02-0081 | 1 |
| 9 | Right side cover gasket | 1 | 00-01-0157 | 2 | 23 | Spark plug, CR8HSA | 1 | | |
| 10 | Left side cover gasket | 1 | 00-01-0158 | 2 | 24 | Drive sprocket (with a plate), 16T | 1 | 02-05-051 | 1 |
| 11 | Tappet cap O-ring | 2 | 00-01-0034 | 4 | 25 | Main jet, #105 | 1 | 00-03-0185 | 1 |
| 12 | Exhaust pipe gasket | 1 | 00-01-0064 | 2 | 26 | Insulator | 1 | 00-03-0010 | 1 |
| 13 | Rubber packing | 1 | 00-01-0066 | 2 | 27 | Fuel cock | 1 | 03-03-001 | 1 |
| 14 | Camshaft | 1 | 01-08-0009 | 1 | 28 | Mark set | 1 | | |
| Please order repair parts with the Repair Part Item No. Without the repair part item No., we may not be able to provide the correct parts. | | | | | | | | | |

Please order repair parts with the Repair Part Item No. Without the repair part item No., we may not be able to provide the correct parts Some parts are only available as a set. Please order them with the set number.









roller will come out, which please remove.

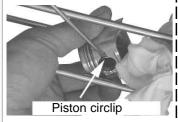


Once the piston has come out, pull out the cylinde forward, holding the tire with a hand.

15. Remove the piston.



Plug in a waste cloth so as never to get the dust or component in the cylinder hole in the crankcase or cam chain.



Remove one of two piston circlips. It will come off rather easily if you prize it open with a screwdriver with its tip on the notch. Tool to use

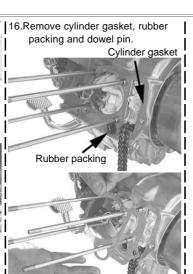
Flat tip screwdriver with a fine tip



Remove the piston pin in the direction where the piston circlip is not attached. You can easily remove the piston pin by pressing it with a flat tip screwdriver from the direction where a piston pin circlip is attached.



Remove the piston



In case you cannot remove all the gaskets completely, rasp or wipe them off with a scraper or something else, exercising great aution not to scratch the crankcase. In case the crankcase center gaskets squeeze out into the cylinder base or into the cylinder hole, cut them off. Never let any dirt, dust or hardware into the crankcase.



Cut off the gasket squeezing out at the section pointed by a finger as shown in the above picture.

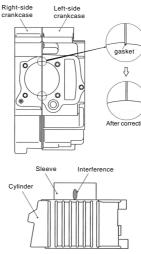
Precautions for installation of aluminum cylinder:

In installing the cylinder, in some cases, due to right-side and left-side crankcases being out of alignment and for other reasons, the sleeve hole of the crankcase's mating surface, circled portion, the shaded area of the cylinder sleeve and inside of the case may interfere with one another. Since such interference will lead to sleeve deformation and cause engine troubles, do not fail to check the existence of interference and eliminate the interference, if any.

The difficulty level of the work is quite high. So, you may feel like having come close to the professional level if you have successfully completed the work.

How to correct and eliminate interference

- Cover the crankcase securely with a waste cloth so the shavings will not get into it.
- 2.Rasp the higher mating surface of the crankcases till it becomes level with the lower one.
- 3.After rasping the mating surface, remove the waste cloth with care not to let the shavings get into the crankcase.
- 4.After removing the waste cloth, stuff up the crankcase opening with a clean waste cloth.
- 5. After the installation of the kit, idle away the engine for a few minutes, and replace the engine oil with new one without delay. And there is nothing more to do.



Installation of S-Stage Kit

Fix a supplied piston pin circlip securely to the groov

Be sure to set a circlip so its end gap is not on the

You can rather easily install it by pressing it into the

Apply engine oil to the piston-ring grooves, and fix

piston rings in the order of an oil ring expander, lower

oil ring side rail, upper oil ring side rail, second ring,

piston with a screwdriver, but taking care not to

Fix the piston pin circlip first on the left side

damage the piston with the screwdriver

Flat-and fine tip screwdriver

Left

side

on circlip on the left-side of the piston

notch.

Tool to use

and top ring.

1.Piston Installation.

ion Second ring Expander Expander Piston Attach the top ring and the second

Arrange the positions of piston ring-end gaps to mesh with each other.

Top ring

Letters

Attach the top ring and the second ring with the letter side up. Be careful that the top ring is brown and the second ring is black.

Piston Expander

Pay attention to the cross section as well.





Fix oil ring expanders.



Fix a lower oil-ring side rail.



Fix an upper oil-ring side rail.



Fix a second ring



Fix a top ring.





Apply engine oil to the piston pin and con'rod, and install the piston pin.



IN mark to the exhaust size



It will also be an easy way of installing the piston to insert the piston pin a third into the piston.

Fix a supplied piston pin circlip securely to the grooves on circlip.



You can rather easily install it by pressing it into the piston with a screwdriver, but taking care not to damage the piston with the screwdriver. Do the work carefully as, in some cases, the circlip comes off flying while you are pressing it inside. So, wear protective eyeglasses for your eyes lest it should get into your eyes.

Remove the stuffed waste cloth.

2. Installation of cylinder. Degrease the gasket-mounting surfaces of the

cylinder and crankcase





Install the cylinder gaskets and rubber packing.



Check that two dowel pins are present



Apply engine oil onto the inside of the supplied cylinder and spread the oil evenly with fingers.



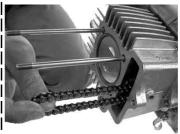


Install the cylinder, by pressing it inch by inch with fingers, being careful not to move the piston ring-end (Tighten it only finger tight at this point.) gaps out of alignment.

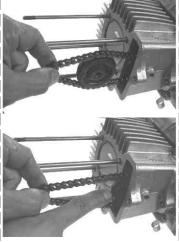
The difficulty level of the work is quite high. Please try vour best.



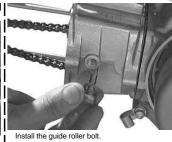
Once the rings have been fixed into the cylinder, pass the cam chain through the cylinder, and fix the cylinder into the crankcase



Pulling the cam chain, fix the guide roller



Press in the guide roller so the center of the guide roller and guide-roller bolt hole on the cylinder just mesh together.



(Tighten it only finger tight at this point.)



Install a cylinder side bolt.

3. Change of camshaft.



Detach tappet nuts and bolts on the rocker arm mbled into the cylinder head. At the time the tappet nuts are loosened, detach the tappet bolts and nuts together. Tool to use

Offset box wrench, 9 mm





Install the cam-sprocket bolt into the camshaft. The camshaft will come out when you pull it out or strike its head lightly with a plastic hammer. Turning the camshaft, detach it. Do not pull it out by force.



Install the supplied camshaft in the reverse order of removal.

Apply clean engine oil to the camshaft and camshaft bearing. Even if you cannot easily fix the camshaft, fix it manually without striking it with a hammer.



Attach a dowel pin on a stock cam to the supplied cam.



Tighten the tappet screw on the rocker arm by turning it clockwise.

Installation of cylinder head. With thinner, degrease the cylinder head surface and upper surface of the cylinder.



Fix two dowel pins into the cylinde



Attach a head gasket.



Pressing the tire with a hand, fit the cylinder head into the stud bolts. Passing the cam chain through the cylinder head, install the cam chain.



Hold the cam chain by sticking the screwdriver through the cam chain into a middle hole on the camshaft so the cam chain will not fall into the cylinder.





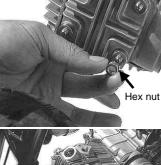
Beware of this positioning mark







Install the head-cover washers and the nuts. (Attach a copper washer and three iron washers at the lower left, and a hex nut and three cap nuts at the lower right, when the engine viewed from the front.)



Tighten up the head nuts evenly. (In case a torque

vernech is not available, tighten them diagonally, securely and little by little.) Tool to use

Socket, 10 mm

Δ Caution: Apply the specified torque. Torque: 12 N · m (1.2 kgf · m)



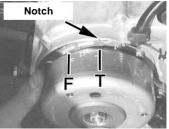
Attach a head-side bolt. Tighten fully the guide roller bolts and the cylinder side bolts which were tightened temporarily. Tool to use

Open-end wrench, 10 mm Off-set box wrench, 10 mm

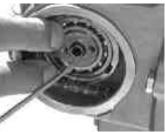




10 N· m (1.0 kgf· m) for lower and upper side bolts 5. Installation of cam sprocket.

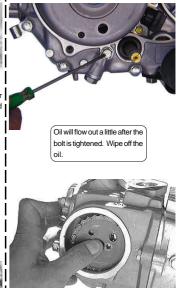


Align the "T" mark on the flywheel with the notch on the crankcase.



Set the camshaft so the cam top faces the piston when the cam sprocket bolt hole is turned toward the notch on the cylinder head. This arrangement sets the cam shaft at TDC (Top Dead Center) position.

In installing the optional cam, please refer to its instruction manual.

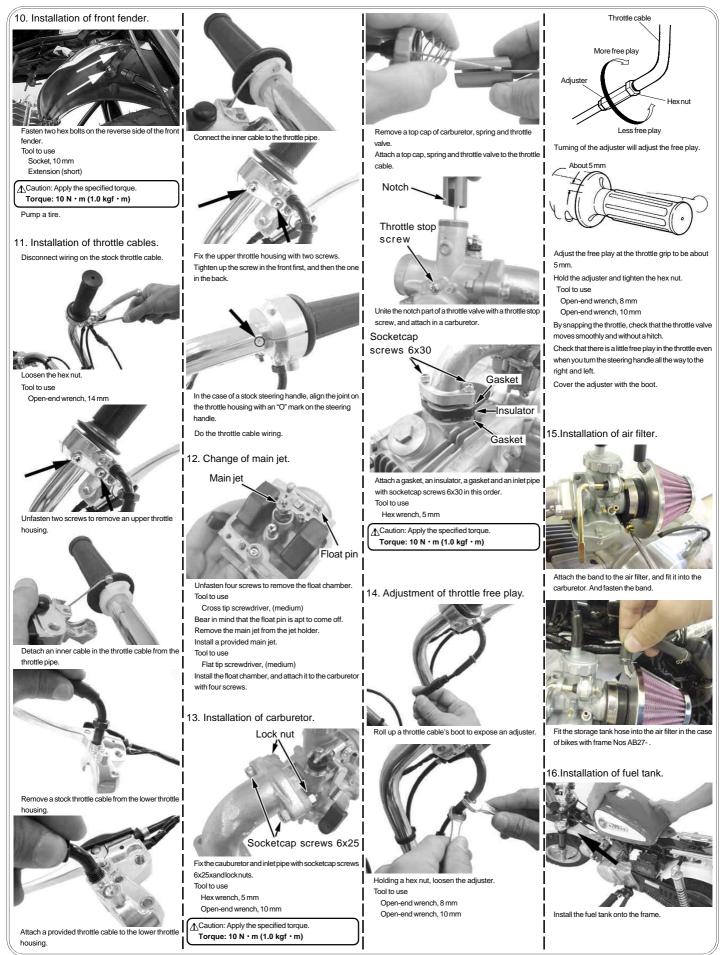


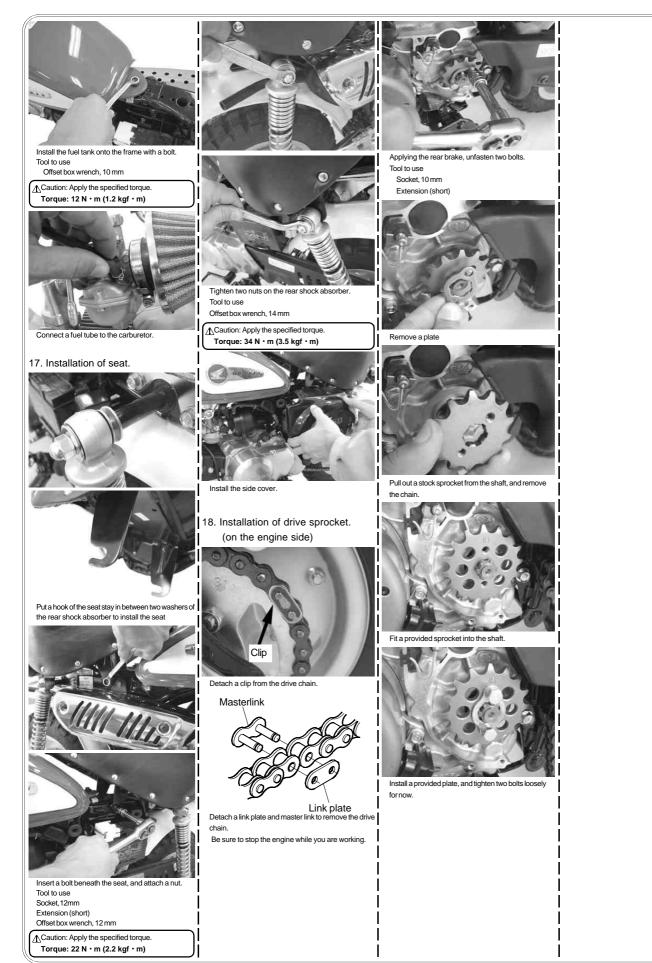
The difficulty level of the work is quite high. Please try your best.

Remove a hex bolt next to the change-pedal shaft. As the tensioner which is tightening the cam chain will slacken, it becomes easy to install the cam chain. After fixing the cam sprocket, attach the bolt. While attaching the cam sprocket to the cam chain, install the cam chain so the "O" mark on the cam sprocket and the notch on the cylinder head mesh together. Then, attach the cam sprocket to the camshaft.









⁷19 . About a Driven (rear tire side) sprocket.

With change of a drive sprocket, a driven sprocket is also changed and high gear-ization of a sprocket is performed. A driven sprocket changes with clutch form or tire size. Please make a lower table reference.

A hyper-S stage kit C type recommendation sprocket(In the case of 65kg weight)

| Wheel size | Clutch | Drive sprocket | Driven sprocket | Ratio | |
|---------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------|--|
| 8 inc | Stock | 16 | 23 | 1.43 | |
| 0 110 | Strengthening, special | 16 | 25 | 1.56 | |
| 10 inc | Stock | 16 | 25 | 1.56 | |
| 10 110 | Strengthening, special | 16 | 28 | 1.75 | |

The driven sprocket is not contained in the kit. Please purchase separately.

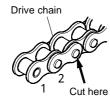
When changing a driven sprocket, the circumference of a rear tire is removed. Vehicles are supported certainly in a racing stand etc. and please float a rear wheel.

20 . About a drive chain.

If it changes into a recommendation sprocket from the sprocket of stock, the slack of a drive chain cannot be abolished only by adjustment. It is necessary to use a chain cutter etc. and to shorten a chain. Moreover, the length of a chain also changes with the length of a swing arm. Please make a lower table reference.

The number of links of a sprocket and a chain

| ľ | Drive | Driven | The length of a swing arm, and the number of links of a chain | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | Sprocket | Sprocket | Stock swing arm | 4 cm Stretch | 8 cm Stretch | 12 cm Stretch | 16 cm Stretch | |
| | 13 (stock) | 31 (stock) | 74 (stock) | - | - | - | - | |
| | 16 | 23 | 72 | 76 | 84 | 90 | 98 | |
| | 16 | 25 | 72 | 76 | 84 | 90 | 98 | |
| | 16 | 28 | - | - | - | 92 | 100 | |

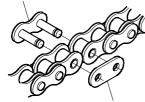


To cite and example, when you change to a 16T drive sprocket and 23T driven sprocket with astock sprocket and stock swing arm, cut 2 links from the normal chain.

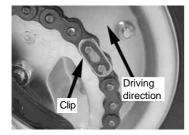
Be sure to stop the engine while you are working

Attach the drive chain to the drive and driven sprockets

Masterlink



Fit the master link from inside to connect the drive chain, and attach a link plate.



Link plate

Attach a clip.

Be sure to attach the clip with its end-gap in the opposite direction of driving.



Fully tighten the loosely-installed drive sprocket be

Tool to use Socket, 10 mm

Extension (short)

Torque: 12 N · m (1.2 kgf · m)

21. Installation of crankcase left-side cover.



Open-end wrench, 8 mm

Install three bolts to hold a crankcase left-side cover.

Tool to use

Socket, 8 mm Extension (short)

Extension (short)

Caution: Apply the specified torque. **Torque: 10 N · m (1.0 kgf · m)**



Install a change pedal.

Tool to use

Open-end wrench, 10 mm

Caution: Apply the specified torque. Torque: 10 N • m (1.0 kgf • m)

Check for slack in the bolts and the like fixed all the way from the engine to the suspension.



Turn on the fuel cock.



How to Set the Carburetor

When the carburetor does not match the engine and the engine fails, the engine failures are caused by either too dense or too lean air-fuel mixture.
The engine failure symptoms for the engine are as follows:

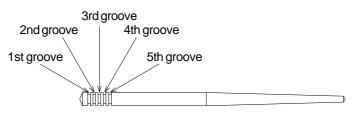
| When the air-fuel mixture is too dense: | When the air-fuel mixture is too lean: |
|--|---|
| The explosion sound with a dull thud continues intermittently. The engine malfunctions further if you use the choke. The engine malfunctions when you warm it up. The engine works well if the cleaner is detached. The motorcycle belches dense (or, black) exhaust gas. The plug smolders, getting blackened. | The engine overheats somewhat. The engine starts working well If you use the choke,. The engine does not accelerate well. (No smooth acceleration) Revolutions change, generating weak power. The plug burns white. |

Set the carburetor only after warming up the engine, and then test-drive. And use a plug with the right heat value. Do the setting in the following manner, studying at what throttle opening position the engine starts failing.

Jet needle (Throttle position at 1/4 - 3/4)

Whether or not the engine revolution is in proportion to the throttle operation

- · When the acceleration is not smooth or even, make the air-fuel mixture dense.
- · Make the air-fuel mixture lean when the engine revolution goes up heavily and belches black gas.
- The mixture ratio at this throttle position can be adjusted by the location of E-ring in the grooves. The air-fuel mixture becomes dense as the location of the E-ring moves down from the 1st to the 5th groove.



Main jet (The throttle position at 3/4 - 4/4)

The air-fuel mixture ratio at this throttle position can be adjusted by changing the number of the main jet. The larger the main jet numbers, the denser the mixture ratio becomes.

In view of the engine and muffler specifications, select the most appropriate main jet to get the highest revolutions.

Pilot jet (First of all, please adjust the air screw.)

- In case you have given more than three turns to the air screw to tighten it, use a pilot jet with a small number.
- If you have tighten the air screw (clockwise) to the full, use a pilot jet with a larger number.
- Check whether you have made a right choice of the pilot jet by seeing if the engine starts up revolving smoothly from the idling to running at slow speed.
- · When the engine revolves up unevenly, the pilot jet number is too small. (At idle)
- · When the motorcycle belches black exhaust gas and produces heavy exhaust sound, the pilot jet number is too big. (At idle)
- · After replacing the pilot jet, you need to readjust the airscrew.

Air screw

The air screw adjusts the air mass flow at the time of engine's revolving at slow speed. (At idling)

- \cdot Give the air screw a right turn \quad The air-fuel mixture gets dense.
- Give the air screw a left turn The air-fuel mixture gets lean.

Loosen the tightened air screw back to the 1.5-turn position. And then from this position, give to the airscrew a right or left turn of 1/4 to 1/2 till the engine revolves at the highest speed.

Loosen the idle stop screw till you get the steady idling revolutions. And once again adjust the position of the airscrew to get the highest revolutions.

On how the barometric pressure, temperatures and humidity affect the setting:

- At highlands or at high altitudes, the barometric pressure and air density go down and the air gets into the carburetor in less amounts. This makes the air-fuel mixture dense which was adjusted at low altitudes.
- Under the weather conditions with very low temperatures, the air density increases, which makes the air-fuel mixture lean.
- Under the rainy and humid weather conditions, the air density decreases, which makes the air-fuel mixture dense.

Please be informed that, mainly because of improvement in performance, design changes, and cost increase, the product specifications and prices are subject to change without prior notice.

This manual should be retained for future reference.

SPECIAL PARTS TAKE CAMA Co., Ltd.

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