## Hyper S-Stage KIT Instruction manual

## Product\_number 01-05-0238 (A-TYPE)

Adaptation model Monkey / Gorilla (Z50J-1300017 ~ 1510400)

Thank you very much for purchasing our products.

Thank you so you will comply with the following matters at the time of use. Before installation, please check your always kit contents. If there is a point of notice event, Please contact us the dealer of purchase.

### ◎ If the description, such as photos or Illustration different with this part.

Caution about Fuel

As this S-Stage Kit is so designed to achieve a higher compression ratio than stock engines, always use the high-octane gasoline. In case regular gasoline is used, unusual combustion will take place, and the engine cannot achieve its original performance. Moreover, it is highly likely that the piston will be damaged, leading to a serious failure of the motorcycle. Before installing this Kit, make sure that no regular gasoline remains in the fuel tank. In case regular gasoline is remaining in the fuel tank, do replace it with high-octane gasoline.

#### Caution about Spark Plug

Be sure to replace a spark plug with a supplied CR8HSA. And at a later stage, choose and use a right spark plug with the right number, depending on the degree of burning of the spark plug electrode section.

Caution about sprocket

The installation of this Kit will increase the power of your engine. So with the stock sprocket, every hardware will get worn out soon because of too low gear, not only adversely affecting the engine life, but also possibly breaking the engine in the worst case. Therefore, judge the right type of a driven sprocket, using the supplied drive sprocket. And make the gear ratio high. ☆ The driven sprocket is not included in the Kit.

#### $\Leftrightarrow$ Please read carefully before use $\Leftrightarrow$

- ◎ We do not take any responsibility for any accident or damage whatsoever arising from the use of the Kit not in conformity with the instructions in this Instruction Manual.
- ◎We shall be held free from any kind of warranty whatsoever of products other than this product if the glitch takes place on the other products than this one after the installation and use of this product.
- ◎ If you make modifications to any product supplied here, we shall be held free from any guarantee of the product.
- ◎ You are requested not to contact us about the combination of our products with other manufacturers'

© Please note that this Kit is designed for exclusive use in the above-mentioned compatible models with the specified frame numbers only and that it cannot be mounted on any other models.

◎ For installation, please prepare suitable tools and work with reference to the installation instructions with enough care. Besides, this Instruction Manual and genuine service manuals are prepared for those who have acquired basic skills and knowledge. We therefore recommend those who are technically inexperienced or without sufficient tools to ask a technically-reliable specialist shop for the installation work. ◎ Bolts, nuts, and dowel pins will be reused. However, be sure not to use the worn-down or severely-damaged ones, which please do

replace with new ones.

◎ If you use a stock carburetor, do not remove an air cleaner box or air cleaner elements. If you change the carburetors, please do the setting to match various conditions. Disregarding these instructions will result in engine troubles and serious accidents. ◎You may not run the motorcycle in the rain with the supplied filter installed. Otherwise, please note, it could cause the engine malfunction.

#### Caution When the handling of ignoring this display, property damage and human shows the assumption of what injury.

- Always try to drive your motorcycle at legal speed, abiding by the laws.
- Work only when the engine and muffler are cool. (Otherwise, you will get burned.)
- Do the installation with right tools. (Otherwise, breakage of parts or injuries to you may take place.)
- Always use a torque wrench to screw bolts and nuts tight and securely to the specified torque.
- (Otherwise, these parts may get damaged or fall off, resulting in accidents.)
- As some products and frames have sharp edges or protruding portions, please work with your hands protected. (Otherwise, you will suffer injuries.)
- Before riding, always check every hardware like screws for slack. If you find slack ones, screw them securely up to the specified torque. (Otherwise, improper tightening may cause parts to come off.)
- X As for the cylinder head among others, please be sure to tighten it up to the specified torque.
- Always use new gaskets and packings. And check those parts, to be reused, for wear and damage. If you find worn or damaged parts, replace them with new ones.

#### When the handling of ignoring this display people died, shows the contents of the serious injury possibility is Warning

- Always start the engine in a well-ventilated place, and do not turn on the engine in an airtight place.
- (Otherwise, you will suffer from carbon monoxide poisoning.)
- When you notice something unusual with your motorcycle while riding, immediately stop riding and park your motorcycle in a safe place to check what has gone wrong. (Otherwise, the malfunction could lead to accidents.)
- Before doing work, make sure your motorcycle is secure on level ground for safety's sake.
- (Otherwise, your motorcycle could overturn and injure you while you are working.)
- Carry out inspection and maintenance of your motorcycle correctly according to the instructions and guidelines in the instruction and service manuals. (Improper inspection or maintenance could lead to accidents.)
- If you find damaged parts when inspecting or performing maintenance of your motorcycle, do not use these parts any longer, and replace them with new ones. (The continued use of these damaged parts as they are could lead to accidents.)
- As gasoline is highly flammable, never place it close to fire. Make sure that nothing flammable is near the gasoline. Since vaporized accumulation of gasoline is at high risk of explosion, work in a well-ventilated place. (Otherwise it may cause a fire.)
- © Please note. Performance up, the design change, the product and the price in the cost up, etc. are subject to change without notice. ◎ Please be informed that we shall be held harmless against any claim against us whatsoever arising out of use of the products in racing and the like.

Please contact with your name and country name provided. (Only English please)

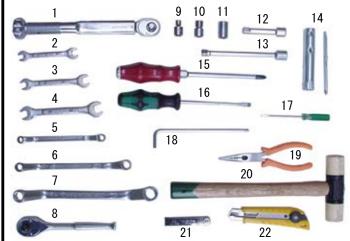
◎Keep this manual stored until this product is discarded. CONTACT Address : 3-5-16 Nishikiorihigashi Tondabayashi Osaka JAPAN TEL: +81-721-25-1357 FAX:+81-721-24-5059 e-mail:english@takegawa.co.jp URL http://www.takegawa.co.jp

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	Product content						
1	3 4 5		6		$\overline{\mathcal{O}}$	8	9
						3	
Number	Product content	Quantity	Item Number	Number	Product content	Quantity	Item Number
1	Piston	1	00-00-1204	14	Camshaft	1	01-08-0068
2	Piston ring set	1	01-15-014	15	Carburetor ASSY.	1	03-03-0061
3	Piston pin	1	00-01-0091	16	Intake manifold	1	00-00-1484
3		1	(with ④ clip)	17	Air filter (with band)	1	03-01-104
4	Piston pin circlip	2	00-01-0003	18	Carburetor gasket	1	00-03-0417
5	Cylinder	1	01-01-0241H	19	Inlet pipe gasket	1	00-01-0159 (2 pcs)
6	Cylinder gasket	1	00-01-0067 (2 pcs)	20	Socket cap screw, 6x20	2	00-00-0721 (5 pcs)
7	Cylinder head gasket	1	00-00-1147	21	Socket cap screw, 6x25	2	00-00-0722 (5 pcs)
8	Cylinder head cover gasket	1	00-01-0156 (2 pcs)	22	Throttle cable, 710mm	1	09-02-0071
9	Right side cover gasket	1	00-00-1181	23	Spark plug, CR8HSA	1	00-00-2377
10	Left side cover gasket	1	00-01-0158 (2 pcs)		Drive sprocket	-	
11	Tappet cap O-ring	2	00-01-0034 (4 pcs)	24	(with plate) 15T	1	02-05-041
12	Exhaust pipe gasket	1	00-01-0064 (2 pcs)	25	Main jet, #85	1	00-03-0041
	Rubber packing	1	00-01-0066 (2 pcs)	26	Mark set	1	
		-			part number order you may not	· · ·	

% Please order in the repair parts are always repair part number. If it is not the part number order, you may not be able to order. Please be forewarned. It should be noted, In the case of parts that can not be separately shipment, please order a set part number.

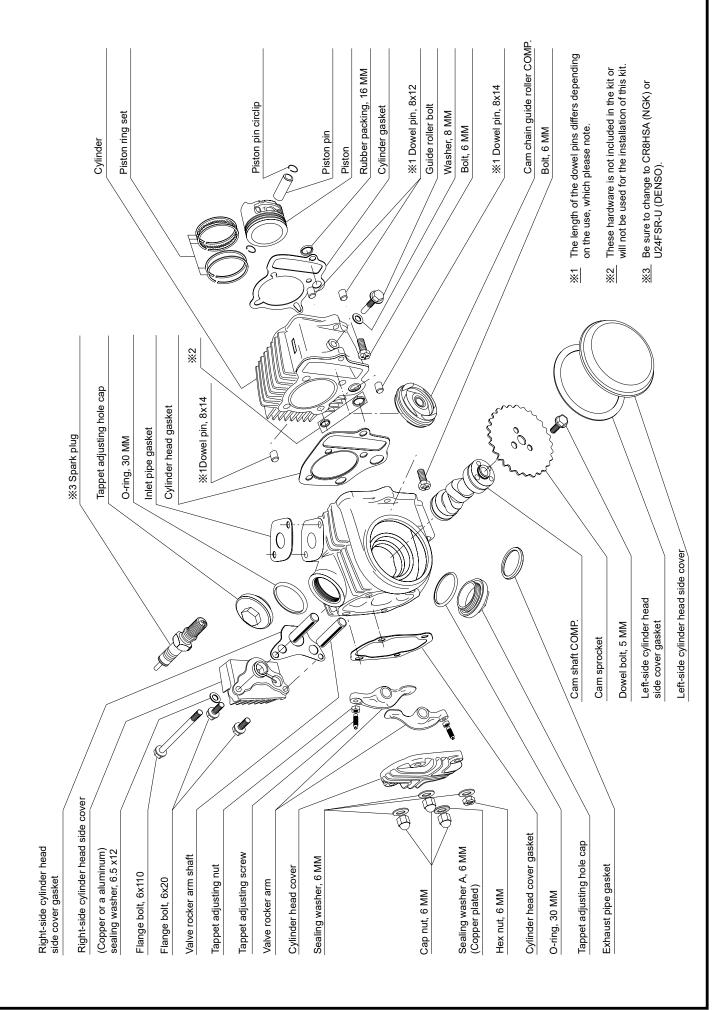
## Tools to use for the installation:



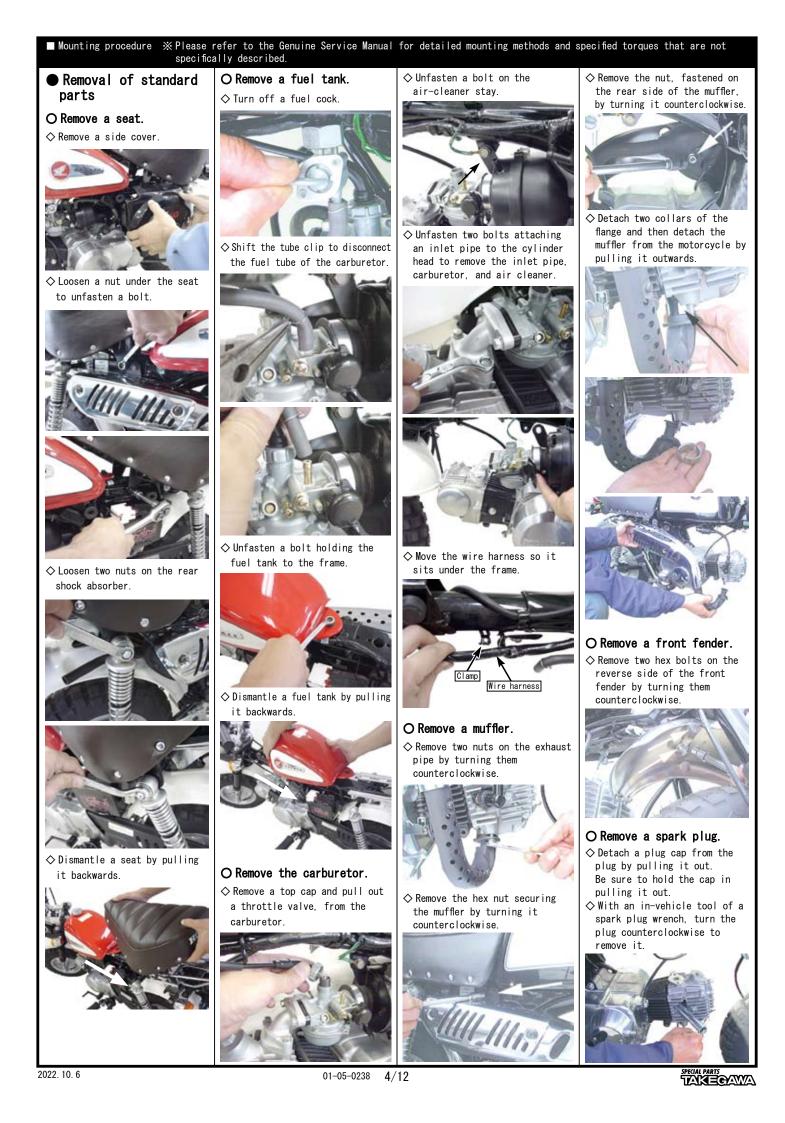
1	Torque wrench	14		Spark plug wrench set		
2	Open-end wrench 8-10mm		14	(in-vehicle tool set)		
3	Open-end wrench 10-12mm		15	Cross tip screwdriver (large)		
4	Open-end wrench 12-14mm	Ì	16	Flat tip screwdriver (medium)		
5	Offset box wrench 8– 9mm	Ī	17	Fine-shaft flat tip screwdriver		
6	Offset box wrench 10–12mm	Ì	18	Hex wrench, 5mm		
7	Offset box wrench 14–17mm	Ī	19	Needle-nose plier		
8	Ratchet handle	Ì	20	Plastic hammer		
9	Socket 8mm	Ì	21	Thickness gauge		
10	Socket 10mm		22	Cutter knife or scraper		
11	Socket 12mm	Ì		Wire		
12	Extension bar (short)	Ì		Waste cloth or rag		
13	Extension bar (medium)			Engine oil		

## About bolts:

- Usually, counterclockwise rotation loosens the bolts and nuts, and clockwise rotation tightens them.
- ●When tightening a screw, at first finger-tighten it as tight as you can, without using a tool.
- To loosen a tightened screw means turning it three or four times counterclockwise, and to remove it means turning it around counterclockwise until it comes off.
- To tighten a screw means to tighten it to keep it from getting loose. However, the bolts may break when overtightened, or may get loose or come off because of the vehicle's vibrations when tightened too loosely. The numeric value as a guide at which a screw will not break or get loose when tightened is the specified torque. And the numeric value varies among the size of the bolts.
- If you do not have a torque wrench, please try to tighten a screw as tight as possible to the extent that the screw will not break or get loose, though we can not take any responsibility for the screw's breakage or getting loose. In case you do not use a torque wrench, you need to judge, only by intuition or using experience, the degree of tightening power with which the screw will break or get loose.



Part Names



# Mounting procedure X Please refer to the Genuine Service Manual for detailed mounting methods and specified torques that are not specifically described.

## O Remove a cylinder-head left-side cover.

The left-side cover will come off when a hex bolt in the middle of the cylinder-head right-side cover is removed. (In case the left-side cover does not come off by so doing, screw a few threads of the hex bolt, and strike the bolt head with a hammer lightly. Then the bolt will come off.)



- O Remove a crankcase leftside cover.
- Unfasten a hex bolt on the shift pedal and remove the shift pedal by turning it counterclockwise.



Remove three screws which are holding a crankcase left side cover by turning them counterclockwise.



O Remove two tappet caps.
♦ Remove two tappet caps by turning them counterclockwise.





> Prize the cam sprocket from the camshaft with a smallsized flat tip screwdriver.



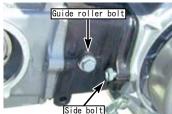
- Detach the cam chain from the cam sprocket, and take out the cam sprocket.
- Detach a dowel pin fixed in the center of the camshaft.

## O Remove cylinder-head side bolt.

Remove the cylinder-head side bolt, which holds the cylinder head and cylinder, by turning it counter clockwise.



Turn counterclockwise the guide roller bolt on the cylinder and the side bolt between the cylinder and the crankcase to loosen these bolts.



# O Remove cylinder-head cover.

Remove four nuts, which hold the cylinder head cover, by turning them alternately,

diagonally, and counterclockwise. ◇ Remove four washers beneath the nuts.



Remove the head cover. (If it does not come off easily, strike it lightly with a plastic hammer, and it will come off.) If some gaskets remain on the cylinder head, wipe them off completely with a scraper or a cutter.



## O Remove cylinder head.

- Let air out of a front tire. (At the press of the valve with something like a tip of a cross slot screwdriver, the tire will deflate. Continue pressing it till the whoosh of air cannot be heard any longer.)
- Remove the cylinder head from the cylinder by pulling the head away from the cylinder. (If it does not come off easily, strike the cylinder head lightly with a plastic hammer, and it will come off. )



 Pressing the front tire, remove the cylinder head.
 Be sure to save two dowel pins for use later.



## O Remove the cylinder.

Remove the loosened guide roller bolt and cylinder side bolt by turning them counterclockwise.



Remove the cylinder by pulling it out. (If it is hard to pull it out, hit the cylinder lightly with a plastic hammer.)



While removing the cylinder, the cam chain guide roller will come out, which please remove.



♦ Once the piston has come out, pull out the cylinder forward, holding the tire with a hand.



## O Remove the piston.

Plug in a waste cloth so as never to get the dust or component in the cylinder hole in the crankcase or cam chain.



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## ■ Mounting procedure ※ Please refer to the Genuine Service Manual for detailed mounting methods and specified torques that are not specifically described.

Remove one of two piston circlips. It will come off rather easily if you prize it open with a screwdriver with its tip on the notch.



Remove the piston pin in the direction where the piston circlip is not attached. You can easily remove the piston pin by pressing it with a flat tip screwdriver from the direction where a piston pin circlip is attached.



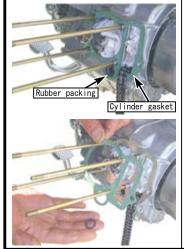
♦ Remove the piston.



### O Remove cylinder gasket, rubber packing and dowel pin.

In case you cannot remove all the gaskets completely, rasp or wipe them off with a scraper or something else, exercising great caution not to scratch the crankcase.

In case the crankcase center gaskets squeeze out into the cylinder base or into the cylinder hole, cut them off. Never let any dirt, dust or hardware into the crankcase.



◇ Cut off the gasket squeezing out at the section pointed by a finger as shown in the above picture.



#### © Cautions for installing aluminum cylinder

◇ In fixing the cylinder onto the crankcase, in some cases there is interference in the sleeve hole in the crankcase mating surface, circled portions, the shaded area of the cylinder sleeve, and inside of the crankcase, because the right and left crank cases are not meshing correctly. Since the continued use of such crankcase will lead to sleeve deformation and engine troubles, do not fail to check the crankcase for the interference, and correct the

interference, if any. The difficulty level of the work

The difficulty level of the work is quite high. So, you may feel like having come close to the professional level if you have successfully completed the job.

#### © Tips on how to fix the interference

- Cover the crankcase securely with a waste cloth so the shavings will not get into it.
- 2. Rasp the higher mating surface of the crankcases till it becomes level with the lower one.
- 3. After scraping, remove the cloth with enough care so any chip will not get into the case.
- 4. After removing the waste cloth, stuff up the crankcase opening with a clean waste cloth.
- 5. After the installation of the Kit, idle away the engine for a few minutes, and replace the engine oil with new one without delay. And there is nothing more to do.

Right side crank case crank case Gasket Gasket After being fixed Sleeve Interfering portion Cylinder

## Installation of S-Stage Kit

## O Fabrication of piston.

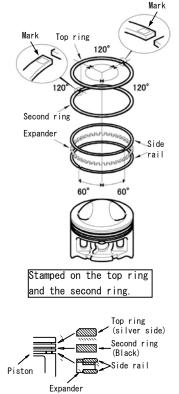
Fix a supplied piston pin circlip securely to the grooves in the circlip on one side of the piston. Be sure to set the circlip so its ring-end gap is not on the notch.



♦ You can rather easily install the piston pin circlip by pressing it with a screwdriver, but taking care not to scratch the piston with the screwdriver.

◇ Apply engine oil to the

- piston-ring grooves, and fix piston rings in the order of an oil ring expander, lower oil ring side rail, upper oil ring side rail, second ring, and top ring.
- ♦ Referring to the figure below, mesh the each piston ring-end gap with each other.



Pay attention to the cross section as we  $\Diamond$  Attach the oil ring expanders.





♦ Attach the lower oil ring side rail.



♦ Attach the upper oil ring side rail.



 $\diamond$  Attach the second ring.



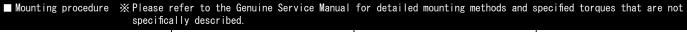
 $\diamond$  Attach the top ring.



◇ Apply engine oil to the piston pin and con' rod, and install the piston pin.



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◇ Install with the "IN" mark on the piston head facing the intake side.

Intake side



It will also be an easy way of installing the piston to insert the piston pin a third into the piston.



- Fix a supplied piston pin circlip securely to the grooves on circlip.
- ♦ You can rather easily install the piston pin circlip by pressing it with a screwdriver, but taking care not to scratch the piston with the screwdriver.
- Do the work carefully as, in some cases, the circlip comes off flying while you are pressing it inside. So, wear protective eyeglasses for your eyes lest it should get into your eyes.



 $\diamondsuit$  Remove the stuffed waste cloth

## O Installation of cylinder.

- Degrease the gasket-mounting surfaces of the cylinder and crankcase.
- ◇ Install the cylinder gaskets and rubber packing.



Check that two dowel pins are present.



♦ Apply engine oil onto the inside of the supplied cylinder and spread the oil evenly with fingers.



Pressing the tire, install the cylinder.



Install the cylinder, by pressing it inch by inch with fingers, being careful not to move the piston ring-end gaps out of alignment.



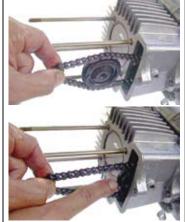
♦ Once the rings have been fixed into the cylinder, pass the cam chain through the cylinder, and fix the cylinder into the crankcase.



Pulling the cam chain, fix the guide roller.



Press in the guide roller so the center of the guide roller and guide-roller bolt hole on the cylinder just mesh together.



Install the guide roller bolt. (Tighten it only finger tight at this point.)



Install a cylinder side bolt. (Tighten it only finger tight at this point.)



## O Change of camshaft.

Detach tappet nuts and bolts on the rocker arm assembled into the cylinder head.

♦ At the time the tappet nuts are loosened, detach the tappet bolts and nuts together.



Install a cam-sprocket bolt into the camshaft. Turning the camshaft, detach it. Do not pull it out by force.



Install the supplied camshaft in the reverse order of removal. Apply clean engine oil to the cam top and journal of the camshaft.

Even if you cannot easily fix the camshaft, fix it manually without striking it with a hammer.



♦ Tighten the tappet screw on the rocker arm by turning it clockwise.



## O Installation of cylinder head.

- ♦ With thinner, degrease the cylinder head surface and
- upper surface of the cylinder. ◇ Fix two dowel pins into the cylinder.



 $\diamond$  Attach a head gasket.



- ◇ Pressing the tire with a hand, fit the cylinder head into the stud bolts.
- ♦ Passing the cam chain through the cylinder head, install the cam chain.



## Mounting procedure 💥 Please refer to the Genuine Service Manual for detailed mounting methods and specified torques that are not specifically described.

 $\Diamond$ Tighten up the head nuts evenly.

available, tighten them

(In case a torque wrench is not

 $\diamond$  Hold the cam chain by sticking the screwdriver through the cam chain into a middle hole on the camshaft so the cam chain will not fall into the cylinder.



♦ Attach the cylinder-headcover gasket and head cover.

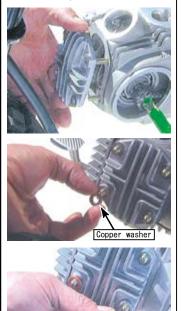


♦ The arrow should face downward.

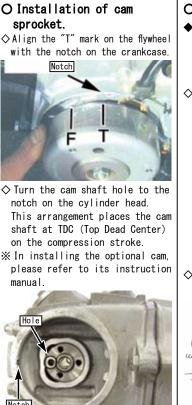


- Beware of this positioning mark
- ♦ Install the head-cover washers and the nuts.

(Attach a copper washer and three iron washers at the lower left, and a hex nut and three cap nuts at the lower right, when the engine viewed from the front.)







- ◇ After fixing the cam sprocket, attach the bolt. While attaching the cam sprocket to the cam chain, install the cam chain so the"0" mark on the cam sprocket and the notch on the cylinder head mesh together. Then, attach the cam sprocket to the camshaft.
- ◇ Install the camshaft washer.

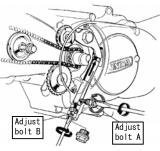


◇Holding the flywheel, tighten up three cam sprocket bolts. <u>∧ Note:</u> Be sure that you protect specified torque. Sprocket bolt Torque : 9N • m (0.9kgf • m)



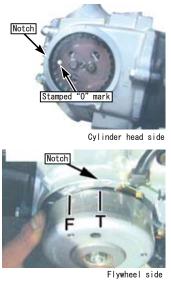
## O Adjust the cam chain.

- ◆ When adjusted the cam chain, please perform "Inspection and adjustment of ignition timing" as well.
- $\diamond$  Loosen the 8mm nut and the adjust bolt A, then the cam chain will be adjusted automatically by the spring. But in case the cam chain is not stretched tight, keep the loosened adjust bolt A as it is, and gradually tighten the adjust bolt B so that the cam sprocket and cam chain fit together even when the flywheel is turned.
- $\diamond$  Tighten the adjust bolt A, and then 8mm nut.



## O Adjust valve timing and tappet.

◇Turn the flywheel until the "O" mark on the camshaft and the "T" mark on the flywheel mesh with each notch. Though the flywheel will not stop right at the required postion because the magnet repels each other, it is all right if "O" and "T" marks mesh with each notch at the same time after fixing the cam sprocket.



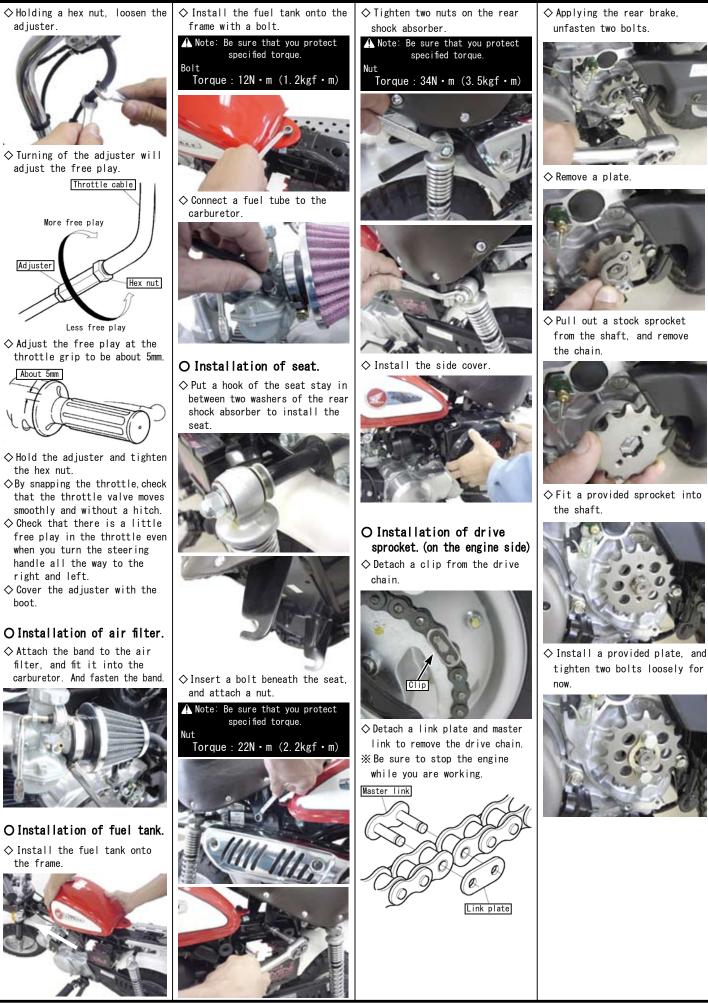
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Mounting procedure 💥 Please refer to the Genuine Service Manual for detailed mounting methods and specified torques that are not

specifically described.

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## ■ Mounting procedure ※ Please refer to the Genuine Service Manual for detailed mounting methods and specified torques that are not specifically described.

## O About a Driven (rear tire side) sprocket.

With change of a drive sprocket, a driven sprocket is also changed and high gear-ization of a sprocket is performed.

X A driven sprocket changes with clutch form or tire size. Please make a lower table reference.

The driven sprocket is not contained in the kit. Please purchase separately.
 When changing a driven sprocket, the circumference of a rear tire is removed.
 Vehicles are supported certainly in a racing stand etc. and please float a rear wheel.

### Hyper-S stage kit A type recommendation sprocket(In the case of 65kg weight)

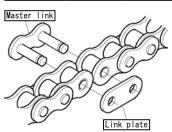
Tire size	Clutch	Clutch Drive sprocket		Ratio
	Centrifugal 3speed	16	30	1.87
8inc	Stock manual	15	25	1.67
	Strengthening, special		25	1.56
10inc	Stock	16	25	1.56
TOTHC	Strengthening, special	16	28	1.75

## O About a drive chain.

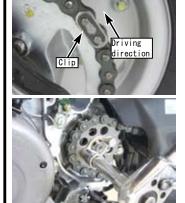
% If it changes into a recommendation sprocket from the sprocket of stock, the slack of a drive chain cannot be abolished only by adjustment. It is necessary to use a chain cutter etc. and to shorten a chain. Moreover, the length of a chain also changes with the length of a swing arm. Please make a lower table reference. % It is surely suspending engine in the case of work.

### The number of links of a sprocket and a chain

Drive	Driven	The length of a	a swing arm	, and the	number of li	nks of a chain
sprocket	sprocket	Stock	4cm	8cm	12cm	16cm
Sprocker	Sprocket	swing arm	Stretch	Stretch	Stretch	Stretch
12(Stock)	31 (Stock)	72(Stock)	-	_	—	_
12(Stock)	31(Stock)	76(Stock)	-	-	—	_
16	30	74	78	84	92	100
15	25	72	76	84	90	98
16	25	72	76	84	90	98
16	28	_	-	_	92	100



 $\diamond$  Fit the master link from inside to connect the drive chain, and attach a link plate.



◇Attach a clip.

% Be sure to attach the clip with its end-gap in the opposite direction of driving.

Fully tighten the loosely-installed drive sprocket bolt.



O Installation of crankcase left-side cover.



♦ Install a change pedal.

▲ Note: Be sure that you protect specified torque. Change pedal



♦ Check for slack in the bolts and the like fixed all the way from the engine to the suspension.
♦ Turn on the fuel cock.

lurn on the fuel coc

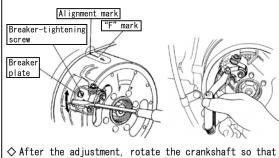


## O Inspect and adjust the ignition timing.

- If the ignition timing is off, the engine likely will malfunction seriously let alone fail to exhibit its original performance. Therefore, it is advisable to check and adjust the ignition timing without fail. If you cannot do the work yourself, we recommend that the work be done by your local motorcycle dealer.
- ♦ Using a timing light (Item No. 00-01-009), check at the time of idling that the "F" mark on the flywheel aligns with the alignment mark on the crankcase.



♦ Adjust the ignition timing by loosening the breaker-tightening screw and moving the breaker plate a little bit at a time.



After the adjustment, rotate the crankshaft so that the point gap becomes the widest.
 And measure the gap with a thickness gauge.
 Point gap: 0.3 - 0.4 mm
 In case the gap is outside the limits, replace the point.

## How to Set the Carburetor

- When the carburetor does not match the engine and the engine fails, the engine failures are caused by either too dense or too lean air-fuel mixture.
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  The engine failure symptoms for the engine are as follows:

When the air-fuel mixture is too dense:	When the air-fuel mixture is too lean:
<ul> <li>The explosion sound with a dull thud continues intermittently.</li> <li>The engine malfunctions further if you use the choke.</li> <li>The engine malfunctions when you warm it up.</li> <li>The engine works well if the cleaner is detached.</li> <li>The motorcycle belches dense (or, black) exhaust gas.</li> <li>The plug smolders, getting blackened.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The engine overheats somewhat.</li> <li>The engine starts working well If you use the choke,.</li> <li>The engine does not accelerate well. (No smooth acceleration)</li> <li>Revolutions change, generating weak power.</li> <li>The plug burns white.</li> </ul>

※ Set the carburetor only after warming up the engine, and then test-drive. And use a plug with the right heat value.
※ Do the setting in the following manner, studying at what throttle opening position the engine starts failing.

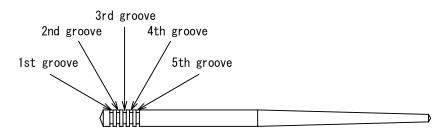
### O Jet needle (Throttle position at 1/4 - 3/4)

Whether or not the engine revolution is in proportion to the throttle operation

• When the acceleration is not smooth or even, make the air-fuel mixture dense.

• Make the air-fuel mixture lean when the engine revolution goes up heavily and belches black gas.

The mixture ratio at this throttle position can be adjusted by the location of E-ring in the grooves. The air-fuel mixture becomes dense as the location of the E-ring moves down from the 1st to the 5th groove.



## O Main jet (The throttle position at 3/4 - 4/4)

- The air-fuel mixture ratio at this throttle position can be adjusted by changing the number of the main jet. The larger the main jet numbers, the denser the mixture ratio becomes.
- In view of the engine and muffler specifications, select the most appropriate main jet to get the highest revolutions.

#### O Slow jet / Pilot jet (First of all, please adjust the air screw.)

- In case you have given more than three turns to the air screw to tighten it, use a slow jet / pilot jet with a small number.
  If you have tighten the air screw (clockwise) to the full, use a slow jet / pilot jet with a larger number.
- Check whether you have made a right choice of the pilot jet by seeing if the engine starts up revolving smoothly from the idling to running at slow speed.
- When the engine revolves up unevenly, the slow jet / pilot jet number is too small. (At idle)
- When the motorcycle belches black exhaust gas and produces heavy exhaust sound, the slow jet / pilot jet number is too big. (At idle)
  After replacing the slow jet / pilot jet, you need to readjust the airscrew.

#### **O** Air screw

The air screw adjusts the air mass flow at the time of engine's revolving at slow speed. (At idling)

 $\cdot \, \text{Give}$  the air screw a right turn  $\rightarrow \, \text{The air-fuel mixture gets}$  dense.

• Give the air screw a left turn  $\rightarrow$  The air-fuel mixture gets lean.

Loosen the tightened air screw back to the 1.5-turn position. And then from this position, give to the airscrew a right or left turn of 1/4 to 1/2 till the engine revolves at the highest speed.

Loosen the idle stop screw till you get the steady idling revolutions. And once again adjust the position of the airscrew to get the highest revolutions.

#### • On how the barometric pressure, temperatures and humidity affect the setting:

- At highlands or at high altitudes, the barometric pressure and air density go down and the air gets into the carburetor in less amounts.
- This makes the air-fuel mixture dense which was adjusted at low altitudes.
- Under the weather conditions with very low temperatures, the air density increases, which makes the air-fuel mixture lean.
- Under the rainy and humid weather conditions, the air density decreases, which makes the air-fuel mixture dense.



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